ALCOHOL AND OTHER DRUGS: EXPECTATIONS, EDUCATION, & POLICIES

Alcohol and Other Drugs-Expectations and Education

Washington College is dedicated to promoting a safe and healthy living and learning environment for all students. The College recognizes that student alcohol use and abuse is an issue that confronts all colleges and universities. Alcohol or other drug abuse adversely affects student success in and out of the classroom and is an issue with complex physiological, social, psychological, and legal dimensions. The following guiding principles are used to shape the College's alcohol- and other drugs-related programs and services as well as the College's expectations for students.

Core values at Washington College include: honor, trust, integrity, respect, civility, service, responsibility, and citizenship. These values are expected to influence individual and group decisions involving alcohol and other drugs.

Washington College adheres to all local, state, and federal laws and legal requirements. Students are expected to do the same.

To make informed choices about alcohol use, students are expected to educate themselves about the social, physiological, psychological, and legal consequences of consuming alcohol or other drugs. As an institution of higher learning, Washington College will use education as its primary method to raise awareness about alcohol use and abuse and to guide student behavior. Students are also expected to understand that as part of this educational approach, the College will hold students accountable should their actions violate alcohol and other drug policies.

Members of the Washington College community are expected to take appropriate care of themselves and others in the community, a demonstration of respect and a commitment to individual and shared responsibility. All members of the Washington College community are expected to intervene when necessary. If a student is perceived to be at risk, the College will take the steps needed to ensure student safety.

In an effort to provide support or assistance, the College may choose to notify parents or legal guardians of students who have violated College polices related to alcohol or other drugs. The decision to notify parents or legal guardians will be made according to the professional judgments of appropriate staff. The primary goal of notifying parents or legal guardians is to promote the safety, health, and well-being of the community and the student.

Expectations for Students

Students are expected to abide by applicable laws and College policies concerning the possession, purchase and consumption of alcoholic beverages and other drugs and to conduct themselves in accordance with the guiding principles outlined above. Explicit in these expectations is that students are responsible for making their own decisions and accept the consequences of those decisions.

Students who are under the age of 21 may not possess, consume, or be under the influence of alcohol.

Expectations for Student Groups

Student groups considering sponsoring or hosting events at which alcohol may be served are expected to use the guiding principles in designing, planning, and conducting their events. Students are required to complete the registration process in advance and receive the appropriate written authorization for events at which alcohol may be served. Event organizers are required to take appropriate precautions to prevent the unlawful and irresponsible consumption of alcohol. This includes abiding by applicable laws and existing College policies governing the purchase, sale, service, possession, and consumption of alcoholic beverages. These expectations apply to all events or activities sponsored by student groups, whether the event or activity is held on or off campus.

Alcohol & Other Drug Education and Awareness

As part of its efforts to create a safe and healthy environment for all campus members, the College will do the following:

- View the student's first year as a transitional year and therefore may be more likely to notify parents or guardians of dependent students of
 incidents concerning alcohol and/or drugs that have the potential to affect a student's health, safety, or academic performance.
- · Intervene with appropriate measures when any student's health, safety, and/or academic success is perceived to be at risk.
- · Provide individualized and timely support and intervention for students who display alcohol- or other substance-related problems.
- Implement a comprehensive alcohol education outreach effort informed by data collected from Washington College students about their alcoholrelated attitudes, knowledge, and behavior.
- Provide information at appropriate times during the academic year to assist student organizations in making educated decisions about the risks
 of, and whether to serve, alcohol at their activities.
- Target programming efforts toward populations identified by campus research or the national research literature as more vulnerable to alcohol use and abuse.
- Offer lively, enjoyable, safe, and readily available activities designed to support a campus social culture free of alcohol and plentiful social opportunities for students who do not use alcohol regularly or at all.
- · Establish relationships with local vendors to promote compliance with policies and the law.

Policy Statement and Federal, State and Local Laws/Penalties

Policy Statement on Substance Abuse

The College is committed to fostering an environment free of drug and alcohol abuse through:

- 1. education and counseling programs, and
- 2. the prohibition of illegal or imprudent use of drugs or alcohol.

The College prohibits the unlawful manufacture, distribution, dispensing, possession, and use of controlled substances. Controlled substances include (but are not limited to): narcotics, barbiturates, amphetamines, cocaine, marijuana, anabolic steroids, and misused prescription or legal drugs or alcohol. As used in this policy, the words "substance" and "controlled substance" include alcoholic beverages. Those who use controlled substances or illicitly use or abuse legal substances, including but not limited to alcohol, are in violation of the law and of Washington College policy. Compliance with this policy is a condition of enrollment at the College. All Washington College students are expected to be familiar with and abide by the principles and details of this policy. The policy will be reviewed at least biennially to assess its effectiveness, to implement appropriate changes, and to ensure that the disciplinary sanctions discussed are consistently enforced.

The Washington College policy on alcohol and other drugs exists within the context of local, state, and federal laws. The regulations contained in this policy are designed to comply with all applicable Chestertown and Kent County ordinances and the laws of Maryland and the United States, including the Drug-Free Schools and Communities Act Amendments of 1989. The illegal use and abuse of alcohol or prescription drugs and/or use of illicit drugs violates the Washington College community standards and, when reported, will be handled in a serious manner.

Maryland State Laws and Penalties

- It is illegal in the state of Maryland for anyone under the age of 21 to purchase, possess, or drink alcohol.
- It is illegal for a person under 21 to falsify or misrepresent his or her age to obtain alcohol, or to possess alcoholic beverages with the intent to consume.
- It is illegal to purchase or otherwise supply alcohol to individuals who are under the age of 21.
- Penalties for the above violations are a \$500 fine for the first offense, and up to a \$1,000 fine for repeat offenses.

In the state of Maryland, a person may not drive or attempt to drive any vehicle while intoxicated or under the influence of alcohol. In Maryland, drivers are considered to be driving under the influence of alcohol when their blood alcohol concentration (BAC) is .08 or higher. An underage drinker with a BAC of .02 (approximately one drink) may be charged with a violation of restricted license, which will result in suspension of the driver's license. The driver may also face a fine of up to \$500. An individual can still be charged with a violation despite possession of an out-of-state driver's license.

Federal Controlled Dangerous Substances/Illegal Drug Laws and Penalties

Federal law states that it is unlawful for any person, knowingly or intentionally, to manufacture, distribute, or dispense, or possess with intent to manufacture, distribute, or dispense, a controlled substance.

The penalties increase if the possession includes the intent to manufacture, distribute, or dispense a controlled substance, especially if done near a public or private elementary, vocational, or secondary school, or a public or private college or university. Any person who violates this law shall also be liable to the U.S. government for an amount up to \$10,000 in civil penalties.

It is also unlawful to drive while under the influence of any Controlled Dangerous Substance, whether legal or illegal (prescribed or unlawfully obtained.) An individual can be charged with a violation despite possession of an out-of-state driver's license. Violations may result in suspension of the driver's license.

College Alcohol and Other Drugs Policies

Washington College has several policies addressing the use of alcohol and other drugs. In addition to federal, state, and local laws, students are required to comply with College policies pertaining to alcohol use on campus.

Alcohol Policy

Students are required to abide by all Maryland and Kent County laws and Washington College regulations regarding the use of alcohol. All students and their and guests must comply with all federal, state, provincial and local laws. No person under the legal drinking age of 21 years old may possess, consume, provide or be provided alcoholic beverages.

Students who are 21 years of age or older may possess and consume alcohol on campus in accordance with the following:

- Alcohol may be consumed only within assigned rooms or suites. Open containers of alcohol are prohibited in common spaces, such as hallways and lounges, and in public areas, such as lobbies or outdoors.
- Students who possess alcohol on campus are responsible for its legal and responsible use. This includes taking reasonable precautions to
 prevent the possession of alcohol by underage students and guests.

The following items will be considered as violations of the alcohol policy for all students regardless of age:

- 1. Disruptive conduct, due in part or in whole to being under the influence of alcohol.
- 2. Giving alcohol to underage persons or providing a space for the consumption of alcohol by underage persons.
- 3. Directing, requiring, or encouraging underage persons to be in a space where alcohol is easily accessible may be considered a violation of this policy.
- 4. Possession or use of bulk containers and/or objects that would promote binge drinking including, but not limited to: kegs, funnels, drinking games with alcohol, or any other tools that would promote binge drinking.
- 5. Possessing empty alcohol containers at any time for any reason, including decorative purposes.
- 6. Simulated drinking games are prohibited regardless of whether or not alcohol is used.
- 7. Devices that permit purchase, storage, and distribution of alcohol in bulk quantities, or that allow unregulated access to alcohol by any means, are prohibited.
- 8. Students may not sell or distribute alcohol anywhere on campus. This prohibition includes, but is not limited to, cash bars; events to which admission tickets are sold or for which fees are charged, either by the event or for a period of time (e.g., entertainment charge or annual dues), that entitle the purchaser access to an open bar; and parties at which alcoholic beverages are served and for which contributions or donations to offset the costs of the party are sought.
- 9. College funds allocated for hall activities and any College-sponsored programming may not be used to purchase alcohol.
- 10. Students are responsible for the behavior of their guests, including any violation of policy.
- 11. Students found to be in an intoxicated state on campus may be subject to mandatory medical or psychological intervention as well as appropriate disciplinary action, except as outlined in the Medical Amnesty Policy.

Alcohol Policy for Fraternity and Sorority Organizations

In accordance with the North American Interfraternity Conference, as of September 1, 2019, any activity or event sponsored or endorsed by the chapter/organization, including those that occur on or off organizational/chapter premises:

- 1. The chapter/organization, members and guests must comply with all federal, state, provincial and local laws. No person under the legal drinking age may possess, consume, provide or be provided alcoholic beverages.
- 2. The chapter/organization, members and guests must follow the federal law regarding illegal drugs and controlled substances. No person may possess, use, provide, distribute, sell, and/or manufacture illegal drugs or other controlled substances while on chapter/organizational premises or at any activity or event sponsored or endorsed by the chapter/organization.
- 3. Alcoholic beverages must either be:
 - a. Provided and sold on a per-drink basis by a licensed and insured third-party vendor (e.g., restaurant, bar, caterer, etc.); or
 - b. Brought by individual members and guests through a bring your own beverage ("BYOB") system.
- 4. The presence of alcohol products above 15% alcohol by volume ("ABV") is prohibited on any chapter/organization premises or at any event, except when served by a licensed and insured third party vendor.
- 5. Common sources of alcohol, including bulk quantities, which are not being served by a licensed and insured third party vendor, are prohibited (i.e., amounts of alcohol greater than what a reasonable person should consume over the duration of an event).
- 6. Alcoholic beverages must not be purchased with chapter/organizational funds or funds pooled by members or guests (e.g., admission fees, cover fees, collecting funds through digital apps, etc.).
- 7. A chapter/organization must not co-host or co-sponsor, or in any way participate in, an activity or event with another group or entity that purchases or provides alcohol.
- 8. A chapter/organization must not co-host or co-sponsor an event with a bar, event promoter, or alcohol distributor; however, a chapter/organization may rent a bar, restaurant, or other licensed and insured third-party vendor to host a chapter/organization event.
- 9. Attendance by non-members at any event where alcohol is present must be by invitation only, and the chapter/organization must utilize a guest list system. Attendance at events with alcohol is limited to a 3:1 maximum guest-to-member ratio and must not exceed local fire or building code capacity of the chapter/organizational premises or host venue.
- 10. Any event or activity related to the new member joining process (e.g., recruitment, intake, rush, etc.) must be substance free. No alcohol or drugs may be present if the event or activity is related to new member activities, meetings, or initiation into an organization, including but not limited to "bid night," "big/little" events or activities, "family" events or activities, and any ritual or ceremony.
- 11. The chapter/organization, members or guests must not permit, encourage, coerce, glorify or participate in any activities involving the rapid consumption of alcohol, such as drinking games.

Marijuana Policy

Marijuana is prohibited on campus. Any student who is found to be in possession of or using marijuana will face disciplinary action and possible criminal charges.

Maryland State Laws Concerning Marijuana

Although the State of Maryland has decriminalized the possession of marijuana in amounts less than 10 grams and has legalized the use of medical marijuana in certain cases, the possession and use of marijuana on Washington College's campus continues to be prohibited by federal law (the Drug-Free Workplace Act of 1988 and the Drug-Free Schools and Communities Act Amendments of 1989).

If Washington College fails to comply with federal law, it could become ineligible for federal funding and financial aid programs for its students. Thus, possession and use of marijuana, including medical use, continue to be prohibited at Washington College, including in residence halls, on College property, or at off-campus events sponsored by the College.

Policy for Other Controlled Substances

The possession or use of narcotics and/or other controlled substances without a valid prescription is prohibited. Students are expected to obey federal and state laws regarding the use, sale, and distribution of controlled substances.

Parent or Guardian Notification

To provide support or assistance to students, the College may choose to notify parents or legal guardians of students under the age of 21 who have violated the alcohol or drugs policies. This decision will be made according to the professional judgment of appropriate staff and will be consistent with the application of privacy laws. The primary goal of notifying parents or legal guardians is to promote the health and well-being of the community and the individual student.

Medical Amnesty Policy

The Washington College community strives to provide continued support for all of its members, and as a community advocates for the well-being of one another. When an individual is potentially at risk for harm or in need of medical attention, the well-being of the individual is prioritized over upholding the conduct process and the administering of sanctions. Though individuals may be reluctant to seek help during situations in which they or another student may be in violation of College policy, it is imperative that someone calls for medical assistance if any student is at immediate risk for harm or injury or if there is cause for potential harm or injury. Since such situations are potentially life threatening, the Medical Amnesty Policy reduces or eliminates disciplinary consequences for students who call for medical attention or for the student in need of medical attention. Medical attention is defined by Washington College as being an assessment and/or treatment by a first responder, such as an RA, an AC, a Public Safety Officer, Paramedics or EMTs, or a Treating Health Care Provider at the hospital.

This policy is part of Washington College's comprehensive approach to reducing harmful consequences caused by the consumption of alcohol or other drugs. The Medical Amnesty Policy represents the College's commitment to increasing the likelihood that community members will call for medical assistance when faced with an alcohol- or substance-related emergency. It is important to realize that occasionally, such problematic behaviors that would necessitate medical amnesty may be associated with mental health concerns. As a community, we need to look out for other members who may need attention and/or assistance in such circumstances, and this policy is designed to protect and support those individuals.

What is Amnesty?

In situations involving intoxication, alcohol poisoning, or drug-related medical issues, students are encouraged to seek swift medical assistance for themselves and others without fear of penalty. Students requesting and receiving medical assistance in these situations will not typically be subject to the student conduct process. This policy refers to isolated incidents and does not excuse students who repeatedly or flagrantly violate the alcohol or drug policy, nor does it preclude action arising from other violations of the code. Washington College will consider the positive impact of reporting a situation when determining any course of action.

How Does the Medical Amnesty Policy Work?

The Medical Amnesty Policy reduces or eliminates disciplinary consequences when a student actively calls for help as follows:

Student in need of medical attention

If a student actively seeks medical attention (either themselves or through another individual calling for assistance) and completes the mandated follow-up programs and recommendations, the Medical Amnesty Policy offers minimal consequences from conduct actions for the following policy violations for the student in need of medical attention should they occur at the time of the emergency:

Underage consumption and/or possession of alcohol and/or illegal substances

Whenever a student uses medical amnesty, they must complete the required educational follow-up at Health Services and with the Director of Wellness and Prevention Education. In cases where there is reasonable worry of problematic behavior, the student may be mandated to complete additional follow-up as noted below in **Prevention, Education, and Intervention Methods**.

Student calling on behalf of someone else

An individual who actively calls for assistance or medical attention on behalf of a person experiencing an alcohol- or other substance-related incident would not be subject to conduct action for the following policy violations should they occur at the time of the emergency:

- Underage consumption and/or possession of alcohol and/or illegal substances
- · Provision of alcohol to an underage person

Prevention, Education, and Intervention Methods

While the Medical Amnesty Policy minimizes consequences from conduct actions for the student in need of medical attention, instances of extreme problematic behavior, which are defined as extreme in relation to volume, frequency, and/or intensity of instances, may result in the implementation of intervention methods designed with regards for the best interest of the student. Such intervention strategies may include (but are not limited to):

- · Meeting with the Director of the Health Center
- · Recommended meetings with the counseling center
- · Participation in peer-led advocacy groups
- · Online educational/intervention programs
- · Recommended meetings or involvement with outsourced programs such as Kent Behavioral Health and For All Seasons

Additional Details

An active call requires an individual to call 9-1-1 or a College Official, such as a Public Safety Officer or a Resident Assistant. Medical amnesty will not be granted where there was no active call for medical assistance. Failure to complete the above requirements of meeting with designated education follow-up officials may result in the case being referred to the student conduct process.

For more information about the Medical Amnesty Policy, contact the Dean of Students/Title IX Coordinator at 410-778-7752.

Sexual Assault Amnesty Protocol

For more information on this protocol, please refer to the section on Sexual Harassment and Discrimination Policies.

Alcohol and Other Drugs Violations and Sanctions

What to Expect

The College's response to alcohol or other drug violations will depend in part upon the severity of the violation. For the purposes of this policy, there are two levels of violations, categorized by frequency and severity:

- · first violation/low-level violation
- · second or subsequent violations/serious first violation

Sanctions most likely to result from alcohol and other drug violations at these two levels are listed below. Please note, these are not exhaustive lists and provide only a range of typical sanctions; other sanctions not listed here may be assigned when appropriate. Designated College administrators or the Honor Board will make their decisions based on conversation with the student and a review of the student's past actions and will consider what is most likely to affect a positive and lasting change in a student's behavior when assigning sanctions for alcohol or other drug policy violations.

Incident reports documenting behavior in violation of College policy, letters from College administrators, and records from Honor Board or other administrative hearings are maintained in the student's file located in Student Affairs.

Alcohol Violations

First violation/low-level violation

For a first low-level violation, a student may receive a letter of warning that will be kept in the student's file for one year. Should a first low-level violation occur in conjunction with other alcohol or behavior-related concerns, the student may be required to meet with a College administrator to discuss the concerns.

Possible sanctions that may be considered as well:

- Fine
- · Official College Warning
- · Educational conversation with College administrator documented in a follow-up letter to the student
- · Completion of an educational assignment or required attendance at an educational program/event

Typical Notifications:

- · Possible Parent/quardian notification
- · Likely Provost Office notification
- · Likely If a student is a varsity athlete—athletic coach and Athletic Director
- · Director of Student Engagement (if a student is a member of a Greek organization

Second or subsequent violation/first serious violation

Second or subsequent violations or serious first violations will be reviewed by a College administrator and the Honor Board to determine appropriate educational and judicial follow-up. The case may be referred to the Honor Board for adjudication. Health Services will be involved for educational

follow-up. Sanctions for a second violation or first serious violation may include a minimum one-semester probation and demonstration of successful completion of alcohol education requirements or a similar activity. Students placed on probation and later reported for a possible violation of College policy, especially a moderate or serious violation, will be referred to the Honor Board and may face possible suspension from the College.

Possible sanctions that may be considered:

- Fine
- · Probation for a semester or extension of an existing probation
- · Completion of an alcohol education program or community service followed by a reflection paper
- · Required substance abuse evaluation by a counselor and required completion of any suggested follow-up care
- · Change in housing assignment
- Restriction to classes and class-related activities (prohibited from attending social activities, entering the Student Center, residence halls, etc.)
- · Suspension from the College for a semester for a moderate to serious violation committed while on probation
- · Suspension for two semesters or longer for repeated violations while on probation or for a very serious violation while on probation

Typical Notifications:

- · Possible Parent/guardian notification
- · Likely Provost Office notification
- · Likely Athletic coach and Athletic Director notification (If a student is a varsity athlete)
- Director of Student Engagement (if a student is a member of a Greek organization)

Drug Use and Paraphernalia Violations Marijuana

Marijuana is an illegal substance and is prohibited. Any student who is found to be in possession of or using marijuana will face disciplinary action and possible criminal charges. Water pipes, bongs, hookahs, and other paraphernalia commonly associated with drug use are also prohibited.

Although the State of Maryland has decriminalized the possession of marijuana in amounts less than 10 grams and has legalized the use of medical marijuana in certain cases, the possession and use of marijuana on Washington College's campus continues to be prohibited by federal law (the Drug-Free Workplace Act of 1988 and the Drug-Free Schools and Communities Act Amendments of 1989). If Washington College fails to comply with federal law, it could become ineligible for federal funding and financial aid programs for its students. Thus, possession and use of marijuana, including medical use, continue to be prohibited at Washington College including in residence halls, on College property, or at off-campus events sponsored by the College.

First violation

A first violation may be reviewed by the Honor Board and may result in a minimum of one semester of probation and demonstration of successful completion of a substance abuse education requirement or similar activity as well as a fine.

Second or subsequent violation/first serious violation

Second or serious first violations will be reviewed by the Honor Board and may result in more serious sanctions, including suspension for a semester or more, evidence of substance abuse counseling or other appropriate learning and development activity while away, and a two-semester or more period of probation upon return. Students reported for a second or subsequent violation of College policy during the period of probation will be referred to the Honor Board and face possible suspension or, for repeated or serious violations, expulsion from the College. In all cases, students should be aware that violations involving controlled dangerous substances (CDS) may be reported to local authorities who may file charges independently in the local court system.

Possible sanctions that may be considered:

- Fines
- · Probation for a semester or an extension of existing probation
- · Substance abuse education activity or community service followed by a reflection paper
- Change in the housing assignment
- Restriction to classes and class-related activities (prohibited from attending social activities, entering the Student Center, residence halls, etc.)
- · Required substance abuse evaluation by a counselor & required completion in any suggested follow-up care
- · Suspension from the College for a semester for a moderate to serious violation committed while on probation
- Suspension for two semesters or longer or expulsion for repeated violations while on probation or for a very serious violation while on probation

Typical Notifications:

- · Possible Parent/guardian notification
- · Likely Provost Office notification
- Likely Athletic coach and Athletic Director notification (if a student is a varsity athlete)
- · Director of Student Engagement (if a student is a member of a Greek organization)

In addition to the possible sanctions listed above, students should also be aware of other potential consequences of drug-related convictions through the court system. If a student is convicted of any offense involving the possession or sale of illegal drugs, under the Higher Education Opportunity Act of 2008 (HEOA), the student is ineligible for federal student aid funds.

A drug-related conviction might also affect a student's:

- · Eligibility to participate in a study abroad program
- · Eligibility for employment
- · Ability to acquire certification to work in fields of education, recreation, and with senior citizens
- Ability to acquire professional licensure (counseling, law, health care professions, etc.)

All students should be aware that current federal statutes permit notification of parents/legal guardians of a student's violation of College alcohol policy. Both designated College administrators and the Honor Board may recommend to the Vice President for Student Affairs that parental/legal guardian notification occur. The Vice President for Student Affairs or designee will make a final determination of the appropriateness of notification. The Vice President for Student Affairs or designee may also notify parents/legal guardians without a designated College administrator's or Honor Board's recommendation when the situation warrants notification. Each student should be prepared that parental/legal guardian notification may occur if an underage student is reported for a violation of the College alcohol or other drug policies.

Health Risks

The use of drugs and alcohol has both physical and psychological repercussions. Such substances can interfere with memory, sensation, and perception and can impair the brain's ability to synthesize information. Regular users develop tolerance and physical dependence. Psychological dependence occurs when the substance becomes central to the user's life and decision-making. Alcohol consumption may cause a number of marked changes in behavior. Even low doses may significantly impair the judgment and coordination required to drive a car safely. Low to moderate doses of alcohol may increase the incidence of a variety of aggressive acts, including physical attacks. Moderate to high doses of alcohol may cause marked impairments in higher mental functions, severely altering a person's ability to learn and remember information. Very high doses may cause respiratory depression and death. If combined with other depressants of the central nervous system, much lower doses of alcohol may produce the effects just described. Repeated use of drugs and alcohol can lead to dependence. Sudden cessation of substance intake can produce withdrawal symptoms, including severe anxiety, tremors, hallucinations, and convulsions. Substance withdrawal can be life threatening. Long-term consumption of substances, particularly when combined with poor nutrition, can also lead to permanent damage to vital organs, such as the brain and liver. In addition, research indicates that children of alcoholic parents are at greater risk than other youngsters of becoming alcoholics.

Counseling

In order to promote an environment free of substance abuse, the College supports an active program of community awareness and education and also offers assistance with confidential counseling. Many of these counseling services are provided "in-house" at no charge to the student; other services are provided through direct referrals to outside service agencies and a regional support network. All services are confidential, and information will not be released without written authorization. A copy of the policy related to limits of confidentiality is available at Counseling Services. Students, faculty, and staff are encouraged to refer students who appear to be troubled by drug or alcohol use to Counseling Services (ext. 7261). In addition to the College's confidential counseling services, there are several national hotlines and websites available that provide information and referral.

Wellness Advocacy Coaches offer peer to peer support to promote proactive ways to thrive in college and beyond. Students receive direction in accessing resources on campus, as well as general guidance about issues that impact them. The program allows students to tap into an additional layer of mental health support. WAC-Squared operates four nights a week on a drop-in basis.

Hospital Transports for Intoxication

In the event a student is transported to the hospital for acute alcohol intoxication, based on observable considerations (slurred speech, inability to respond to questioning, loss of coordination/balance, unconsciousness, etc.) parental contact will be coordinated immediately. Upon discharge the student will be required to meet with the Dean of Students/Title IX Coordinator within 24 hours of return and will be subject to judicial action.

Campus Resources

- · Health Services 410-778-7261
- · Counseling Services 410-778-7261
- · Mantra Telehealth

Off-Campus/Community Resources

- Alcoholics Anonymous www.aa.org (http://www.aa.org)
- Al-Anon/Alateen www.al-anon-alateen.org (http://www.al-anon-alateen.org)

- Marijuana Anonymous www.marijuana-anonymous.org (http://www.marijuana-anonymous.org)
- Children of Alcoholics Foundation www.coaf.org (http://www.coaf.org)
- Cocaine Anonymous www.ca.org (http://www.ca.org)
- Narcotics Anonymous www.na.org (http://www.na.org)
- National Alcohol Abuse and Drug 24-Hour Helpline: 1-800-252-6465
- Cocaine Abuse 24-Hour Hotline: 1-800-262-2463